Tips for Writing Research Paper

For Scholars, we have provided some basic tips which might facilitate them in all possible ways if you are planning for writing research papers but have no ideas about it. Even to those who are good in writing research papers, it might be beneficial as you will also learn a thing or two.

Getting Organized

Before commencing any research paper, its good idea to prepare for all the tools and collect the ideas in a systematic order which can help you in your way. The tools that you have gather and sort your research don't need to be fancy, but they do need to be functional and efficient. Using a diary or laptop to store all your information helps you to refer it without any difficulty. Creating a new, project-specific directory in which to store any relevant data or information you run across in your research. Be sure to include the title, author, publisher, copyright date, page numbers, and website URL in a consistent spot in your file in case you are referring the paper's information to your paper, its helps you in reference section. This will make it exponentially simpler to cite your sources later. After this process is done you are ready for the research paper writing approach. Ensure all the data's information and findings that you have sorted in a systematic order which can help you in every section of Paper Writing.

Defining your Topic and Beginning your Research

In some cases your instructor might assign you a topic or area which you can refer as a Topic of your paper else as per the main theme of your work and nature of your findings you can assign the topic of the paper. Moreover it must be clear that your topic must reflect your whole work which seems a bit challenging but it can attract the eye of reviewer and later on people referring your paper. A common mistake that an Author does is to pick a topic that is either too broad or too narrow for the type and size of the paper. For example, suppose you are assigned the topic "Beautiful place with a long history Nepal" for a not more than 12-page paper. Nepal has a long history and you can't include all the history of Nepal in a 12 page paper. So try to judge the topic as per your findings. You will need to decide on an area to focus on. Through your initial research, you might learn about basic things but when you commenced it you also can broaden your ideas which can be your next assignment. If it seems like there is too much to cover in a single paper, you need to narrow your topic even further, you should focus to the information that is very crucial and weights more.

Effective Online Research

If you start you research with some best search engines as: <u>Google</u> and <u>Wikipedia</u>. While neither of these references functions well as a primary source, each can be a great jumping off point for further research.

You need to possess some skills even in searching good contents or information. You must consider the fact that Google can't scan your mind so while selecting the word for search engines try to sort out the most common and general words which can hit the right target for your search.

Google possess dozens of powerful and often hidden features that can be used to perform more powerful searches. This page of <u>Google Search Tips</u> includes helpful advice and strategies.

Many professors, for good reason, frown upon the use of Wikipedia as a source, it's still a great idea to read Wikipedia entries related to your chosen topic. Good Wikipedia entries will include a list of sources for the topic, such as this entry on the history of the automobile. As you read through this entry, you will notice a series of numbered links. These refer to the sources cited in this article. By selecting one of these linked numbers, you will be able to view the footnote, which gives the title, author, and other location information for the source. Well-researched Wikipedia articles such as this one also include a "Further Reading" heading which provides a list of additional books and articles to consult.

Using School Resources

Most universities and colleges provides Online research tools within their library which also helps to sort out for your research papers.

Citing your Sources

Creating your bibliography or "Works Cited" page is often seen as very tedious, but putting this in right place is also very important. If you couldn't cite the reference properly then it would have some drawback also. So easy way to cite or correct way to cite is to follow some process. For this you can use Google Scholars helps, the article that you find in this engine possess cite option which shows you the correct way of referring. You can use either of them but systematically.

Anatomy of Paper

Generally a paper has seven sections and a maximum of four pages. They are **1. Abstract-** This is expected to be written at the last after the conculsion. This must include the overall information of the paper as well as the finding and its scope in a very precise way. Generally scholars search paper and select papers with the content of the Abstract. So you must be careful and should include the reflection of the paper very precisely and tactfully.

- **2. Introduction-** This section introduces the main theme of the paper and it also reflects the introduction of your research. The theory associated with the work you have done and any clarification must be done in the introduction part. This helps users to understand the basics of the research work.
- **3. Existing techniques-** This includes the existing trends that is being preceded in the subject that you are working in. This helps to show what is being considered and how your work is unique from others. It includes all the process that is being followed, the technology that is being used up and many more. This indeed help scholar to understand the application as well.
- **4. Your contribution** This is a very crucial part of the paper where you reflect the contribution that you have done or forwarded in your paper. This also encompasses the techniques that you have used, the process that you have followed and many more about the work that you have done.
- **5. Results** The result so obtained from your research is being reflected in this section. The data and its reflection for clarification are being reflected in this section. It might encompass the tables with the data that you have practice or the graph which shows the variation of your study.
- **6. Conclusion-** After all the section of the paper, what really your paper is for. What have you forwarded in term of its application and efficiency is reflected in this section. This section concludes you paper with the important suggestion and factual finding from your paper. After this section, Abstract is written encompassing overall information.

7. References- At last the references that you have included in the paper must be written in a sequential order. It is very important and as mention in earlier section it must be written. We have also encompassed the format in our Template of our journal.

This makes you to the end of your paper and it's ready for the review.

The procedure

As a part of your paper publication, Now you can start documenting the paper as per the format provided by the Journals.

After the formatting is done, then the paper is being forwarded for the review to the concern journals with the subject of the paper.

For instance- after documentation, you can format the paper as per our format http://ijergs.org/files/documents/Templete-New_1.docx

Then you can send your paper with a Topic and subject in subject section of the Email. Then you can email your paper requesting for review to editor@ijergs.org or editorijers@gmail.com

In case you are rejected. Be Positive

We always encourage our Authors to be positive and we provide them the feedback from our Export reviewers which helps you to re arrange your research in such a way so that you get accepted in another try. Our reviewer's instructions for your work also give vision for good approach of your work.

Prepared by Associate Editor pragyan Bhattarai